

# Azure Streaming Data

## *Services, Architectures, Patterns*

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**Blog:** <https://mrfoxsql.com.au/>

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# Our Agenda for Today

## Got Questions?

*Please call out!*

NOTE- **streaming is huge!**  
So we'd like to reserve the  
right to say "*it depends*" or  
frankly "*we don't know, but  
we'll find out*" ;)

1. Introduction (10 mins)
2. Key Concepts/Services (25 mins)
3. Common Azure Patterns (15 mins)
4. Architecture Examples (15 mins)
5. Demos! (20 mins)
6. Wrap Up - and What Next (5 mins)

***(Lets aim for about ~90 mins)***

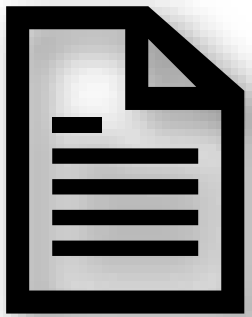
# Our Five *Assumptions* About YOU...

1. Have **awareness** of **Azure Public Cloud**
2. Have a **working background** with **data**
3. Are **curious** about **Streaming Systems**
4. Love **solving data problems**
5. **You will rate our session 10 / 10 😊**

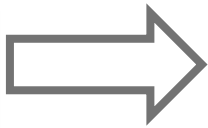
# INTRODUCTION



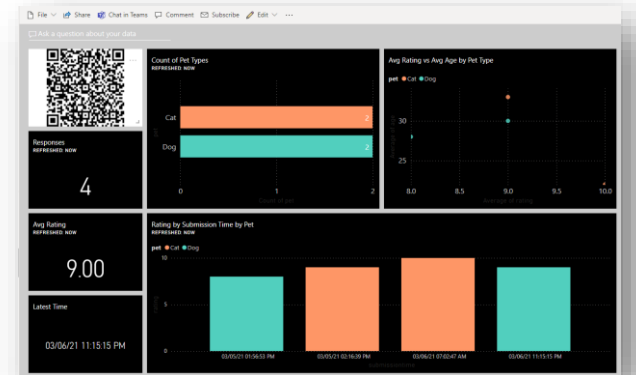
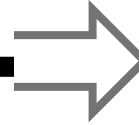
# Let's take a quick poll...



Microsoft  
Forms



Aut



Power BI  
Dashboard

What do we mean by real-time or latency (5ms, 5sec, 5mins, 5hours, ?)

# What exactly is “Streaming Data” anyway?

- Different definitions **depending on which vendor you talk to**
- **Microsoft** has **no formal definition** per se
- *But...* a couple of definitions that **we like...**

*“**data streams** are formed when **multiple individual ‘fit for purpose’ services** are aligned in **sequences** that perform a set of specific **targeted actions** on **unbounded data** that is **typically in transit** - for the key outcome of **making a business decision.**”*

*“a **data streaming pipeline** is a set of **data processing elements connected in series** where the **output of one** element is the **input of the next** one. Elements of a **data stream** are often **executed in parallel** or in **time-sliced fashion**”*

*“Life doesn’t happen in **batches**...it happens in **heartbeats**”*

# AZURE SERVICES FOR DATA STREAMING

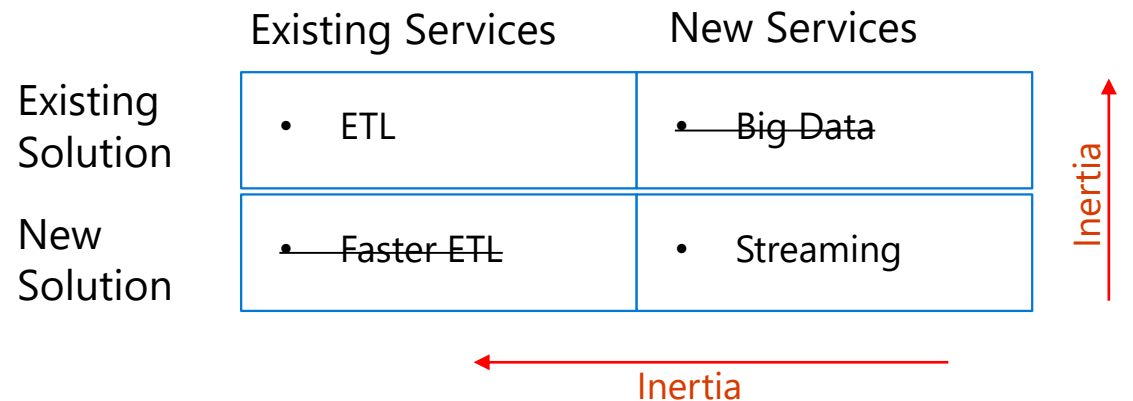


<https://imgflip.com/memetemplate/36656000/Drinking-from-Fire-hose>

# Streaming Solution Observations

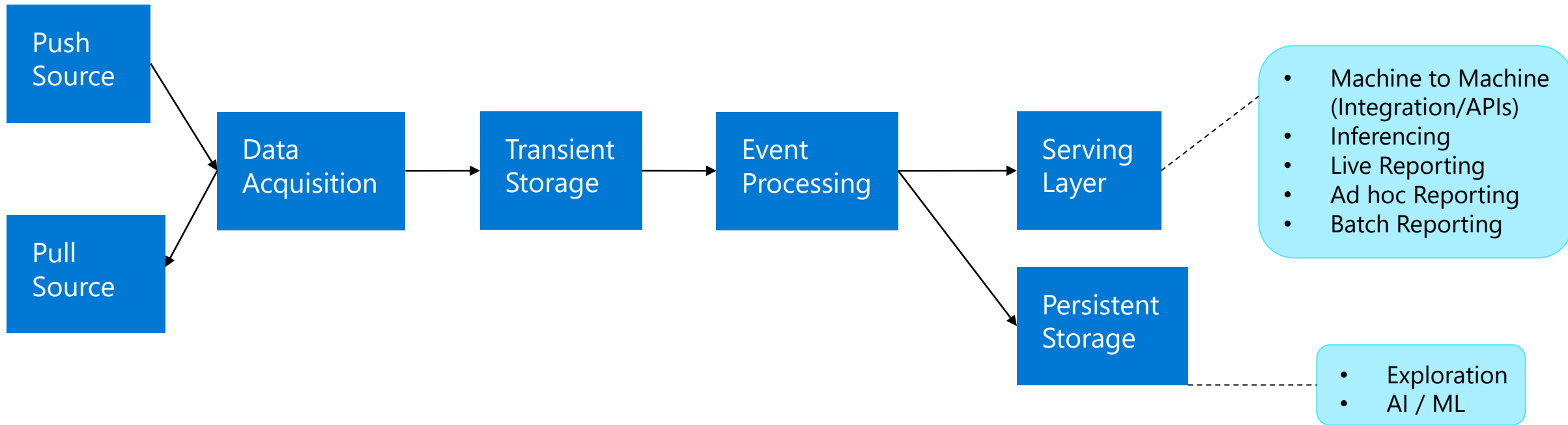
- A streaming solution is a layering of architectures
- Not faster ETL
- Optimise locally, measure globally

Performance	Cost	Change Management
Data Integration	App Integration	Process Integration
New development	Enhancements	Research spikes



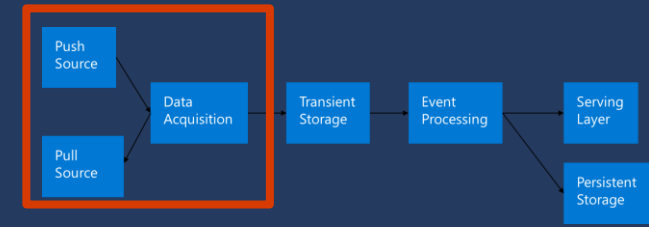


# Streaming Blueprint



# Data Acquisition

# Data Acquisition (What)

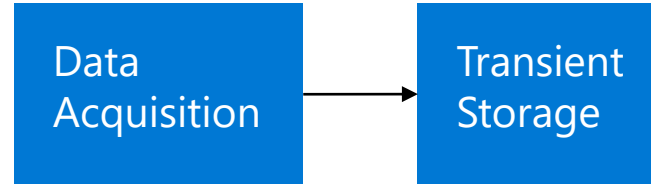


- Gaining access and transporting data
- Often intangible, viewed as a property of the data source
- Real world constraints
  - Potential to significantly alter architecture and implementation
- Movement of data is well understood, orchestration less so

# Data Acquisition (How)

- Push

- Source triggered
- By Data source
  - User interactions
  - Devices (IoT)
  - Storage engine
- By intermediary
  - Data Pump
  - ETL tools
  - Protocol translation

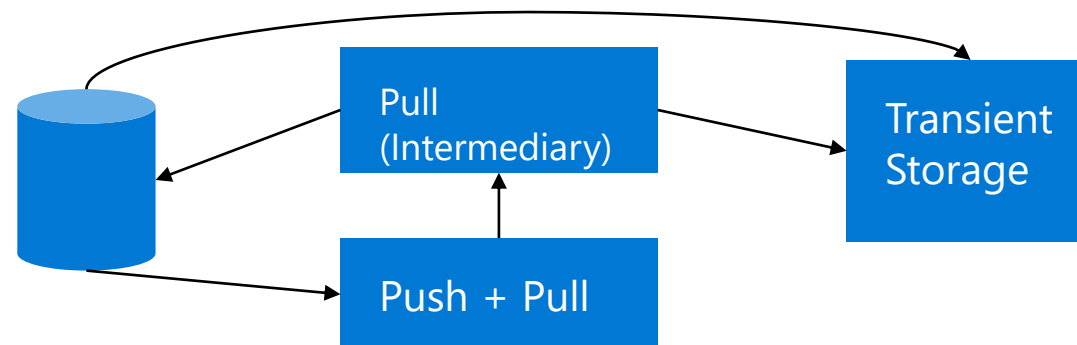


- Push + Pull

- Event by source
- Lookup by intermediary

- Pull

- External trigger
- By intermediary
  - Polling
  - ETL tools

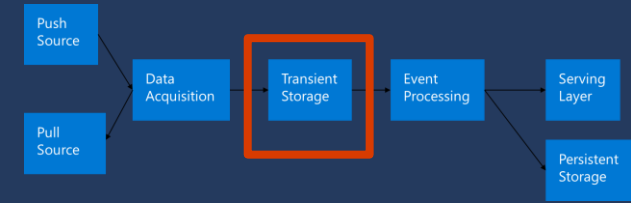


# Services for Data Acquisition

- Push
  - Event Grid (Message delivery)
  - Cosmos Db (Change Feed)
  - Azure IoT Edge (Protocol translation)
  - Logic Apps (Trigger and publish)
  - Azure Functions (Trigger and output)
- Pull
  - CDC (Azure SQL Database, PostgreSQL)
  - Logic Apps (Connect and poll)
  - Data Factory (Connect and poll)
  - Azure IoT Edge (Edge compute)
- Push + Pull
  - Azure Storage (Pass by reference)
  - Event Grid (Event publishing)
  - Azure Durable Functions (Trigger and long running)

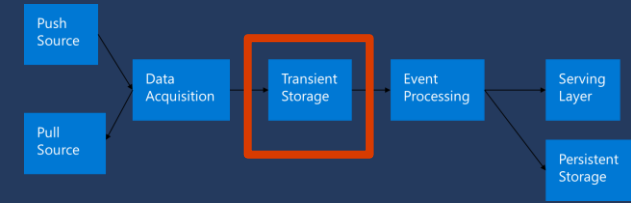
# Transient Storage

# Transient Storage (What)



- Enable delivery of messages from producers to consumers
- Producers append, processors consume in-order
- Decouple rate of data arrival and rate of consumption
- Scalable, transient storage or buffer
- Not always a single service

# Transient Storage (How)



- Producer Considerations
  - Supported protocols
  - Throttling
  - Payload size (Event vs Message)
  - Quality of service
  - Offline scenarios

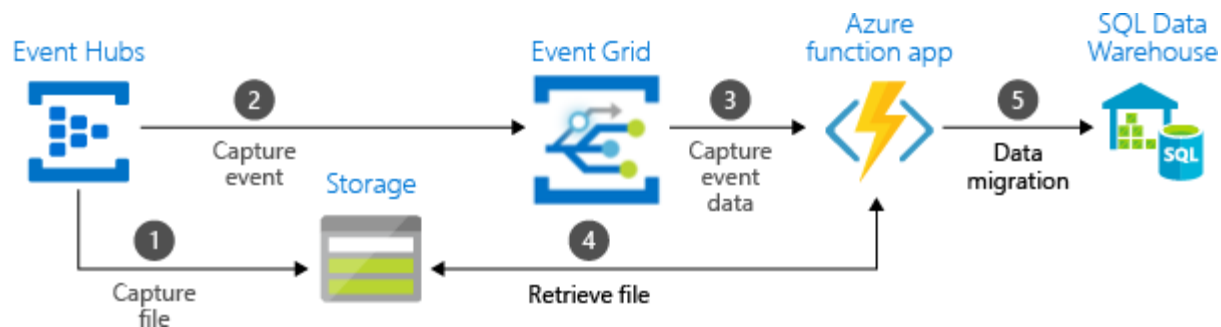
- Consumer Considerations
  - Delivery guarantee
  - Ordering
  - Poison messages
  - Delivery patterns



# Services for Transient Storage

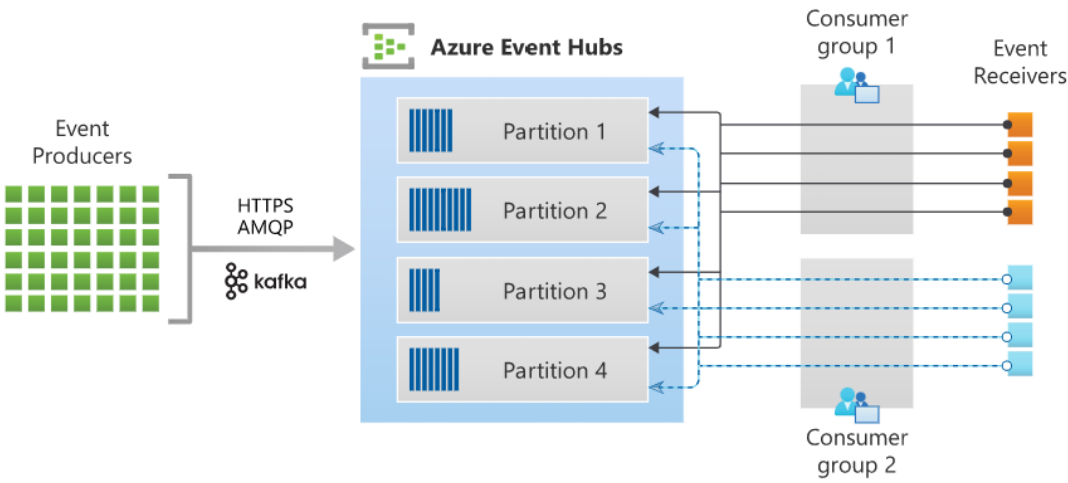
- Typically Azure messaging services

Service	Common Use	When to use
Event Hubs / IoT Hub	Partitioned distributed commit log, big data scale	Telemetry, distributed data streaming, no client expectation
Service Bus	Message broker	Message processing, client expectation
Storage Queues	Work backlog	Worker queue
Event Grid	Event distribution	React to service changes

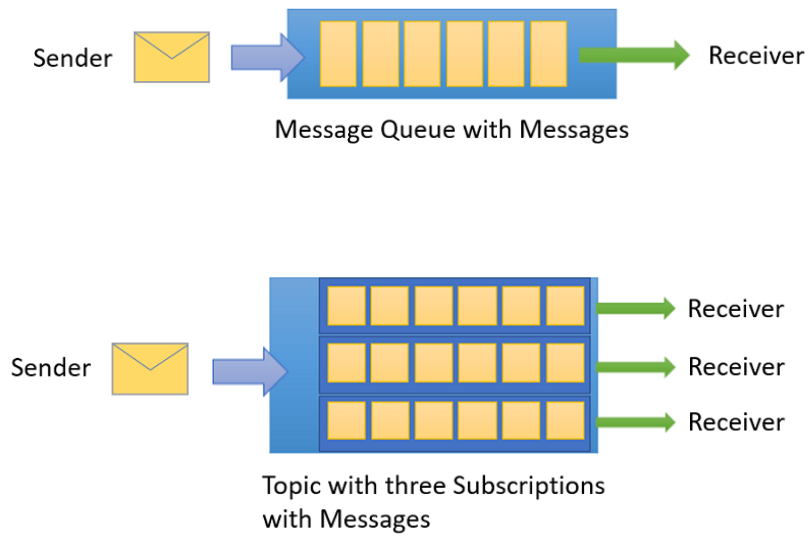


# Services for Transient Storage

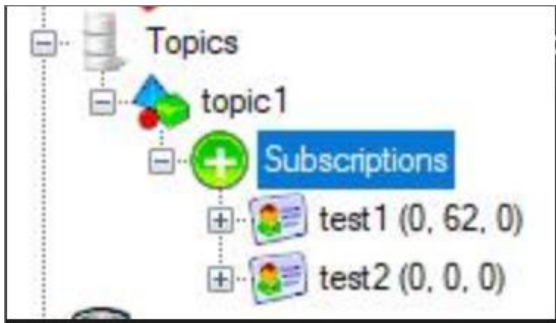
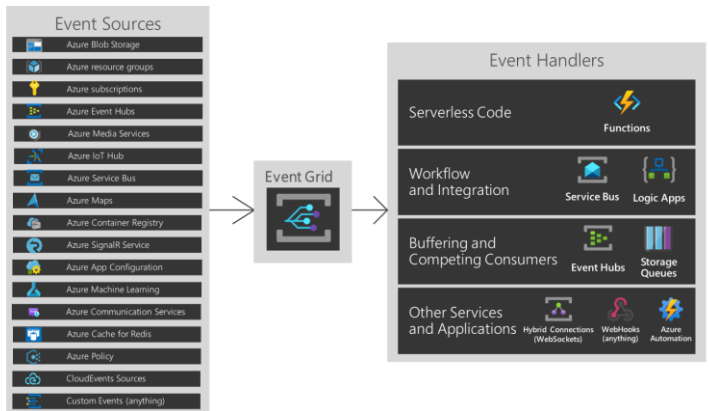
## Event Hubs



## Service Bus

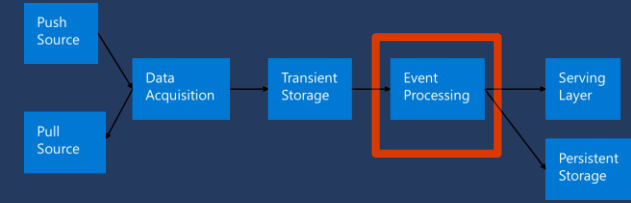


## Event Grids



# Event Processing

# What is Event Processing



- **Consume** individual messages
- **Execute** business logic per message to produce business events
- **Integrate** business events into serving layer
- **Persist** messages and business events to long terms storage
- Not always a big data problem

# Event Processing (How)

## 1 - Consuming Messages

- Consumption pattern (Competing consumers, Pub-Sub, In-order)
- Push or pull
- Client or server side cursors

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## 3 - Integrating with Serving Layer

- Integration logic
  - App integration (REST API, etc)
  - Data Integration (Data Model)

## 2 - Event Processing

- Creating the business event(s)
  - Business logic ordering expectation
  - Idempotency
  - Workload Type
  - Skillsets

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## 4 - Long Term Retention

- What will be retained, messages, events?
- Latency expectations
- Schema on read / write



# Event Processing Services

- Provisioned or serverless
- Team skills and polyglot programming
- Distributed compute
- Azure Services
  - Stream Analytics
  - Apache Spark family (Synapse Spark Pools, Azure Databricks, HD Insight, Azure Kubernetes Service)
  - Azure Functions, Durable Functions
  - In engine features (Azure Data Explorer, Synapse)

# Services for Event Processing

- Distribution of compute, can a single instance process the event?
- Computation, how is the logic implemented
- Delivery of outputs



- Many independent tasks
  - Stream Analytics
  - Azure Functions
  - Azure Batch
  - Azure Kubernetes Services (Inferencing)
  - Azure VM

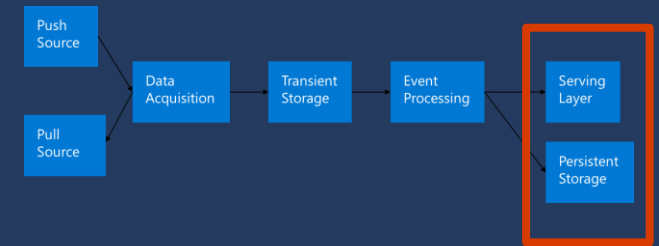


- Interrelated tasks
  - Apache Spark (Synapse Spark Pools, Azure Databricks)
  - Logic Apps
  - Durable Functions
  - Azure Kubernetes Service (Micro services)
  - In engine processing
    - Cosmos Db
    - Azure Data Explorer
    - Synapse Analytics
    - Azure SQL DB

**Serving and Long term retention**



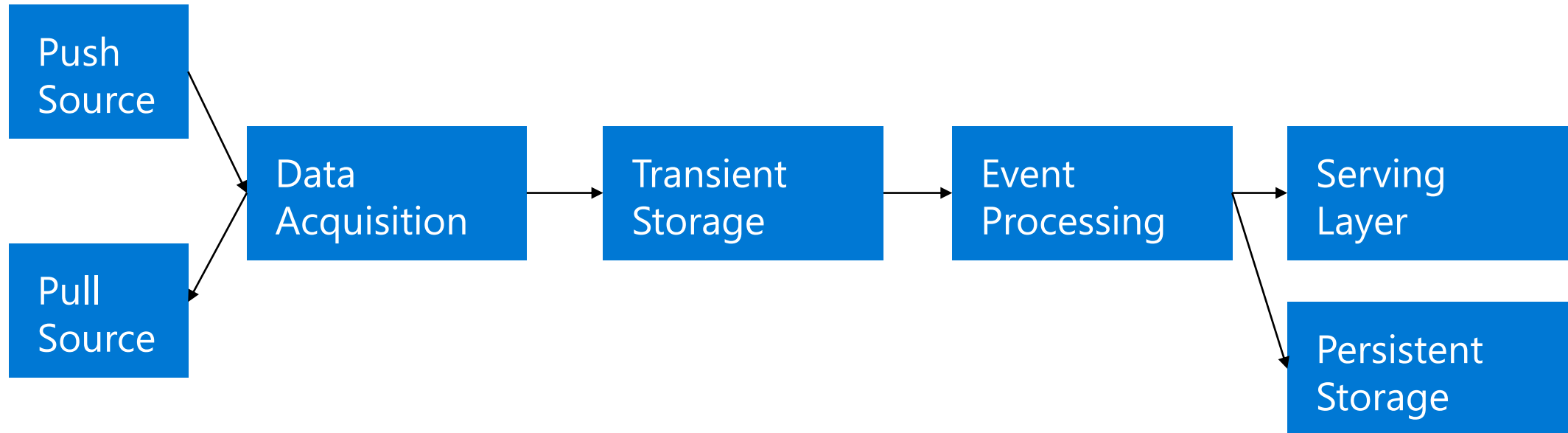
# Serving and Persisting



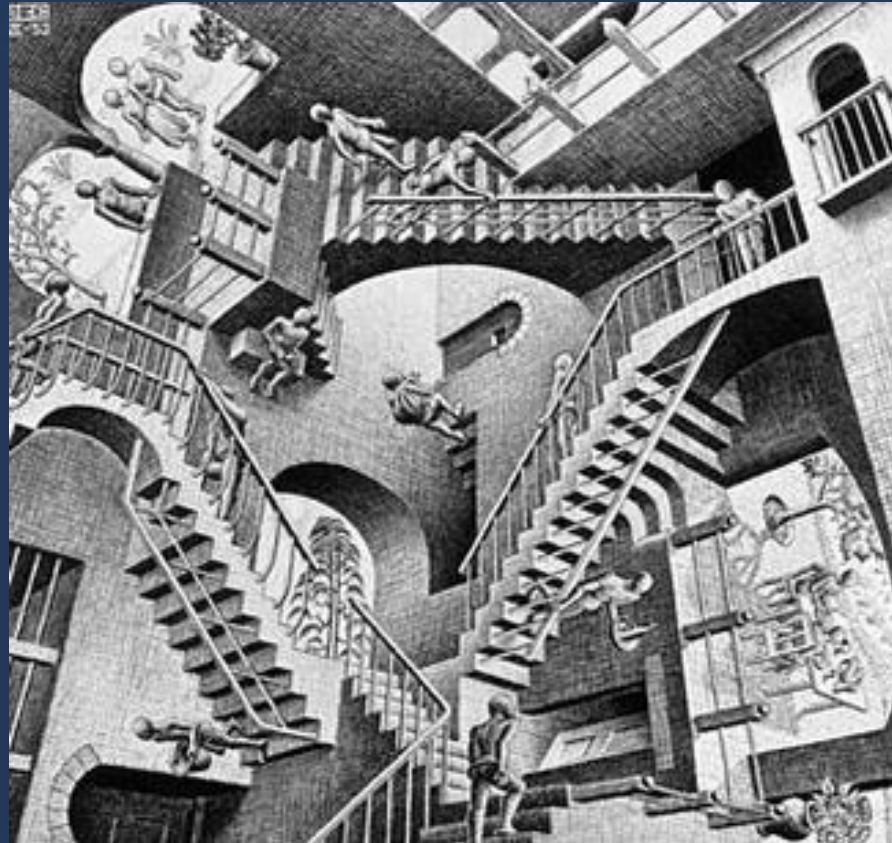
- Delivering on the value proposition
- End user preferences and change management
- Not always a single service, workload matters

Workload Type	Azure Services
Analytical Workloads	Synapse Workspaces Power BI Azure Data Explorer
Transactional Workloads	Cosmos Db Azure SQL DB OSS (Azure Database for PostgreSQL, MariaDB)
Data Lake (file based) and Unstructured Workloads	Azure Data Lake Store Gen 2
Application Workloads	Azure Functions, Azure API Management

# Building Blocks



# COMMON ENTERPRISE REFERENCE ARCHITECTURE PATTERNS HOSTED IN AZURE



[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Relativity\\_\(M.\\_C.\\_Escher\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Relativity_(M._C._Escher))



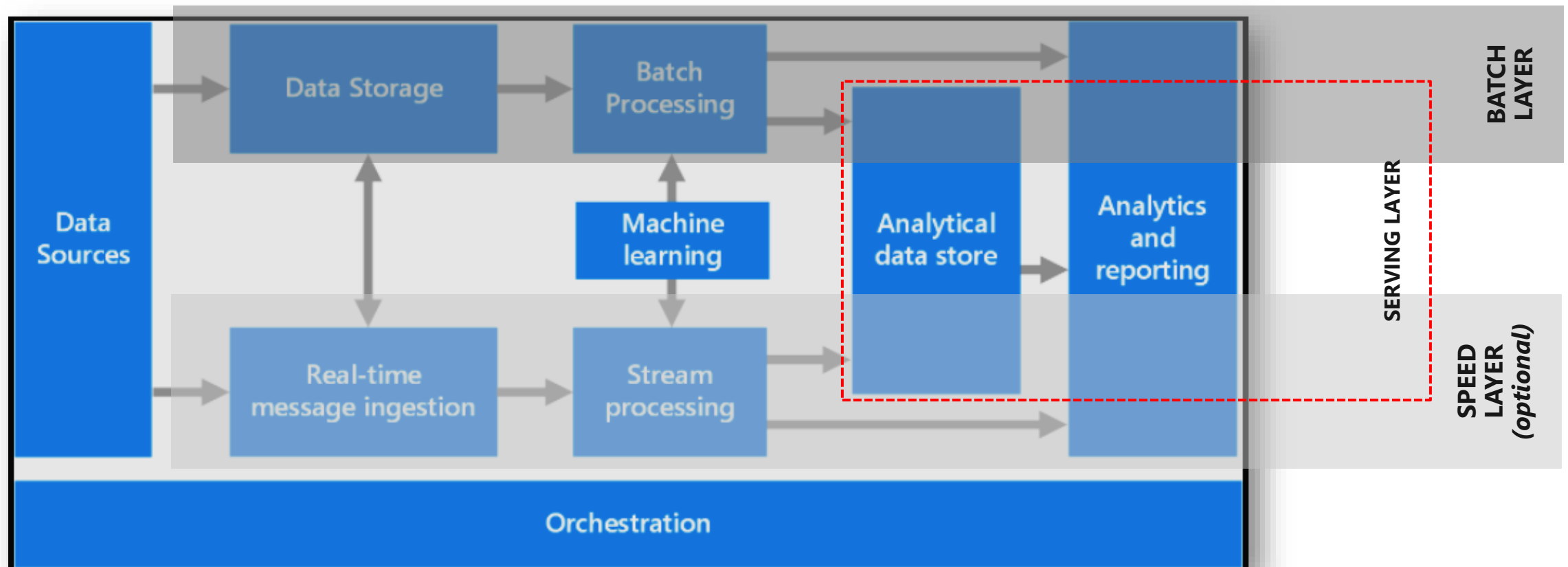
# Introduction

## **Common Azure hosted architecture patterns;**

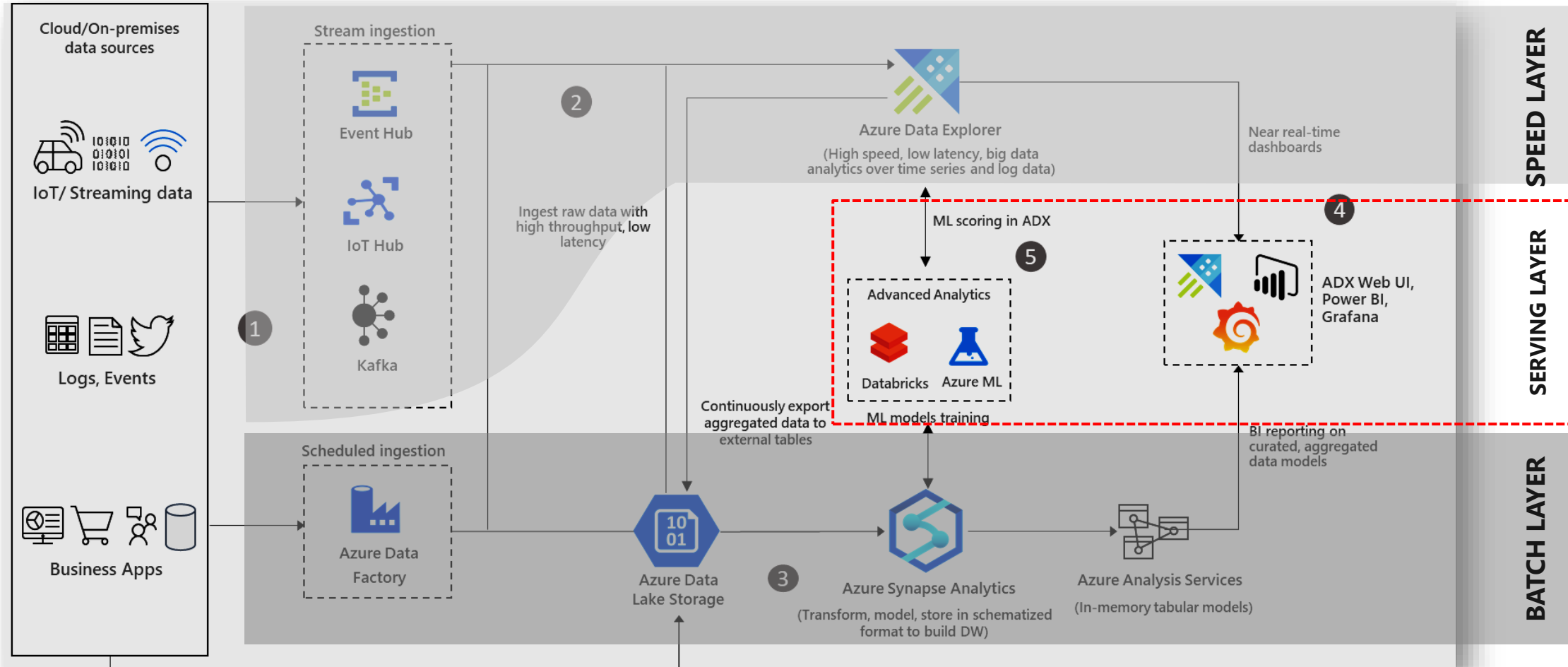
- Lambda Architecture
  - Example 1: Azure Data Explorer and Azure Synapse
- Kappa Architecture
  - Example 1: Azure Databricks and Azure CosmosDB
  - Example 2: Open Source (OSS) Implementation

# Reference: What is the LAMBDA architecture?

*"The Objective of **Lambda Architecture** is to leverage the combined power of both **batch** & **real-time** processing to address the business scenarios where it requires both **historic view of the data** as well as getting insight into the **data in real-time** as business happens."*

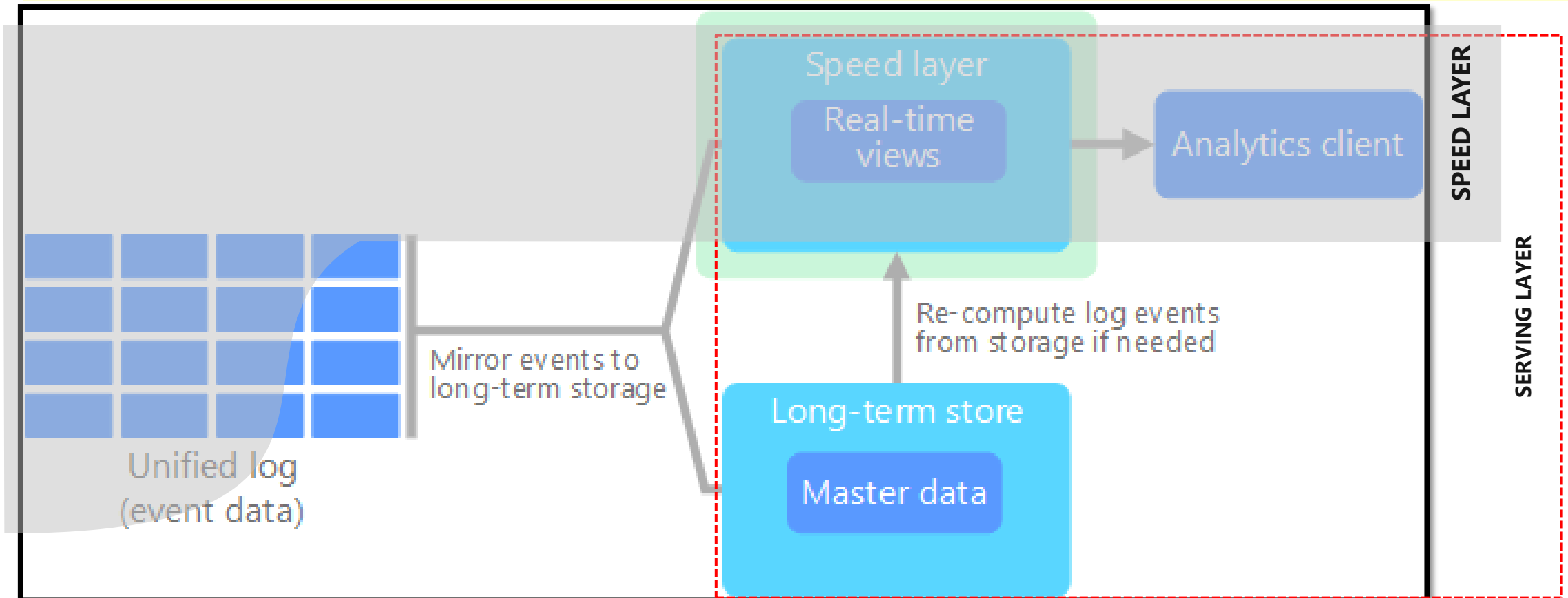


# Example 1 – LAMBDA Deployed in Azure Data Explorer and Synapse



# Reference: What is the KAPPA architecture?

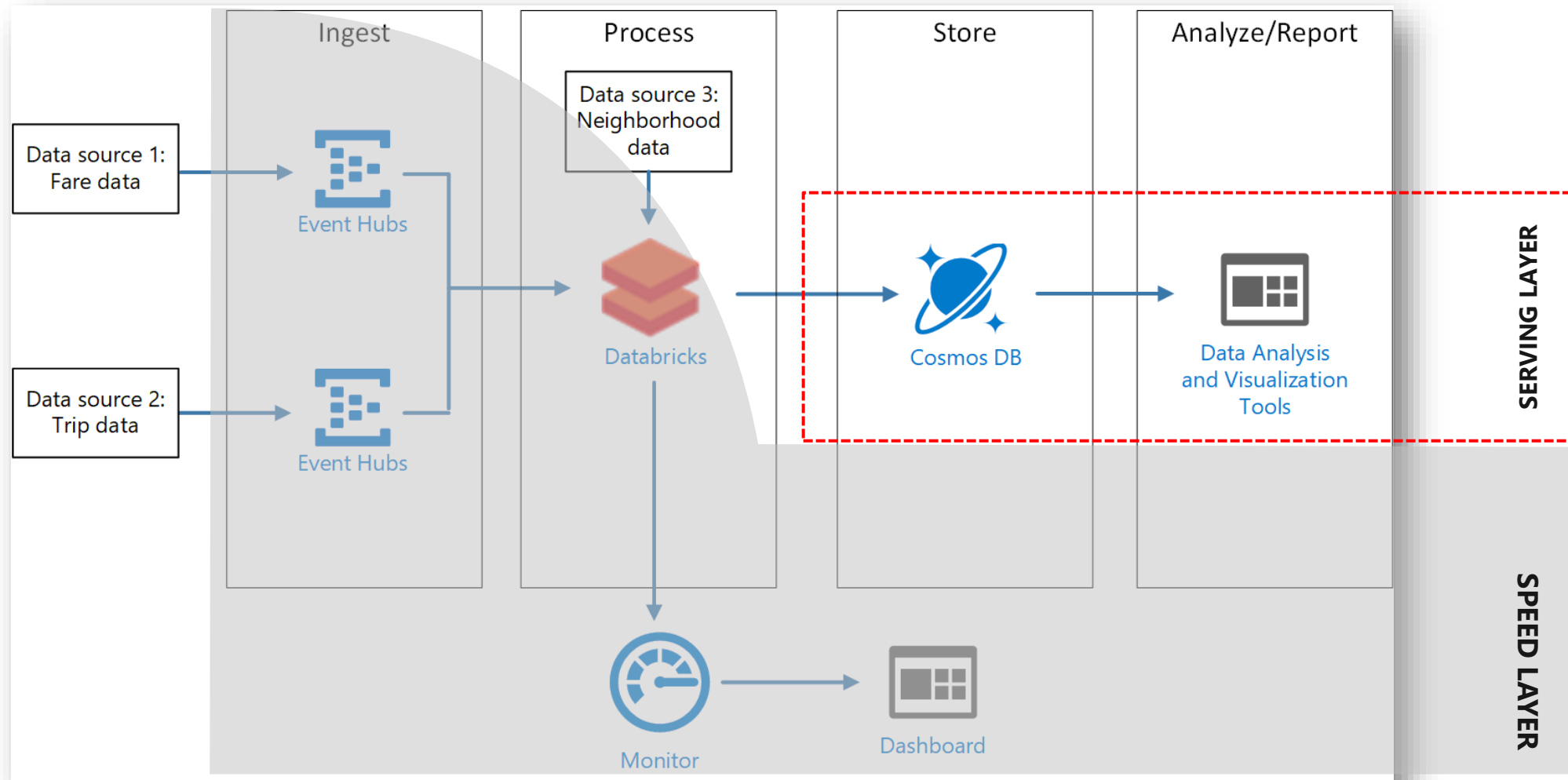
*"The Objective of **Kappa Architecture** is similar to Lambda, however all data flows through a single path, using only a stream processing system. (ie everything is considered a stream)"*



<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/data-guide/big-data/>

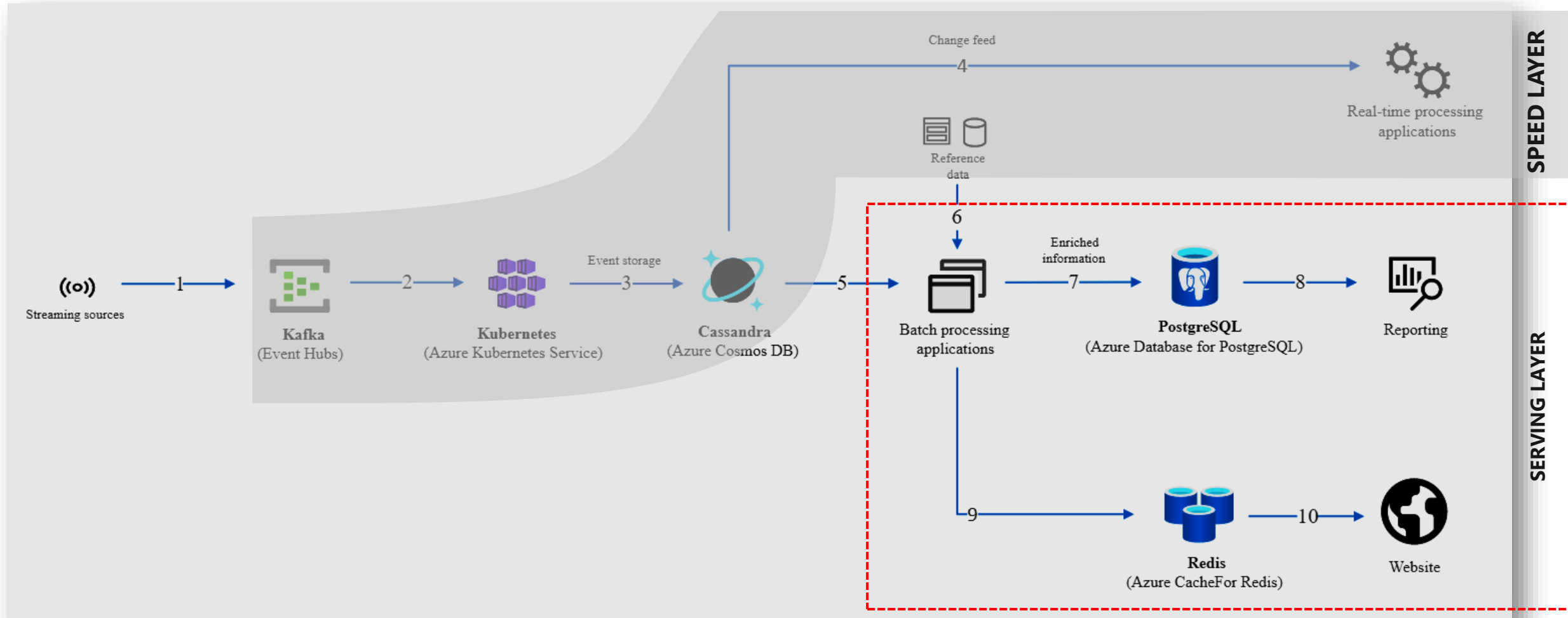
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/data-guide/big-data/real-time-processing>

# Example 1 – KAPPA Deployed in Azure Databricks and CosmosDB

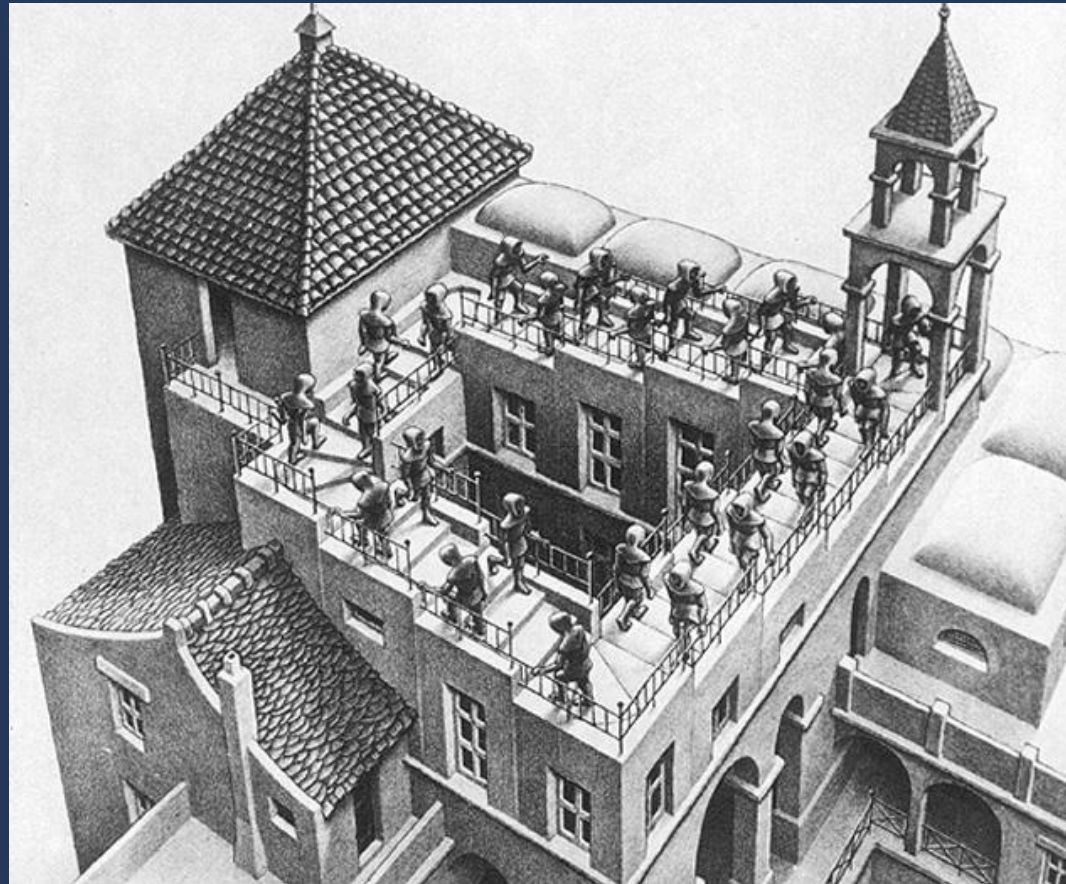




# Example 2 – KAPPA Deployed in Azure Open Source (OSS) Implementation



# WALKTHROUGH CUSTOMER EXAMPLES - AZURE STREAMING ARCHITECTURES



[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ascending\\_and\\_Descending](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ascending_and_Descending)

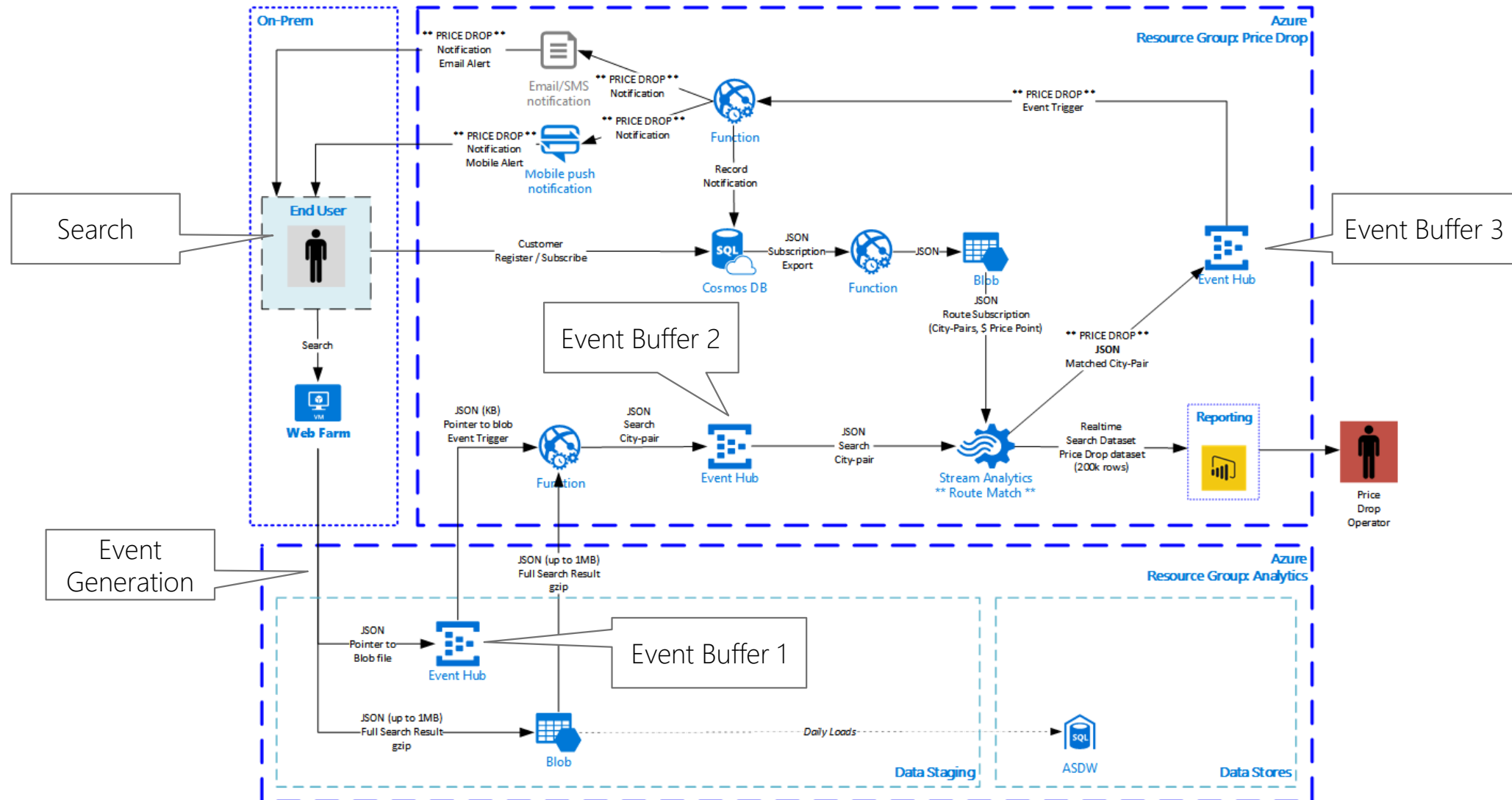
# Introduction

## **Example Architectures Deployed by Customers in Azure...**

1. Real-Time "Price Drop" Detection
2. Virtual Power Plant (VPP) IoT
3. Real-Time Web Search Telemetry Capture and Query
4. Enterprise Messaging via Service Bus
5. Running IIOT in a Layered Architecture

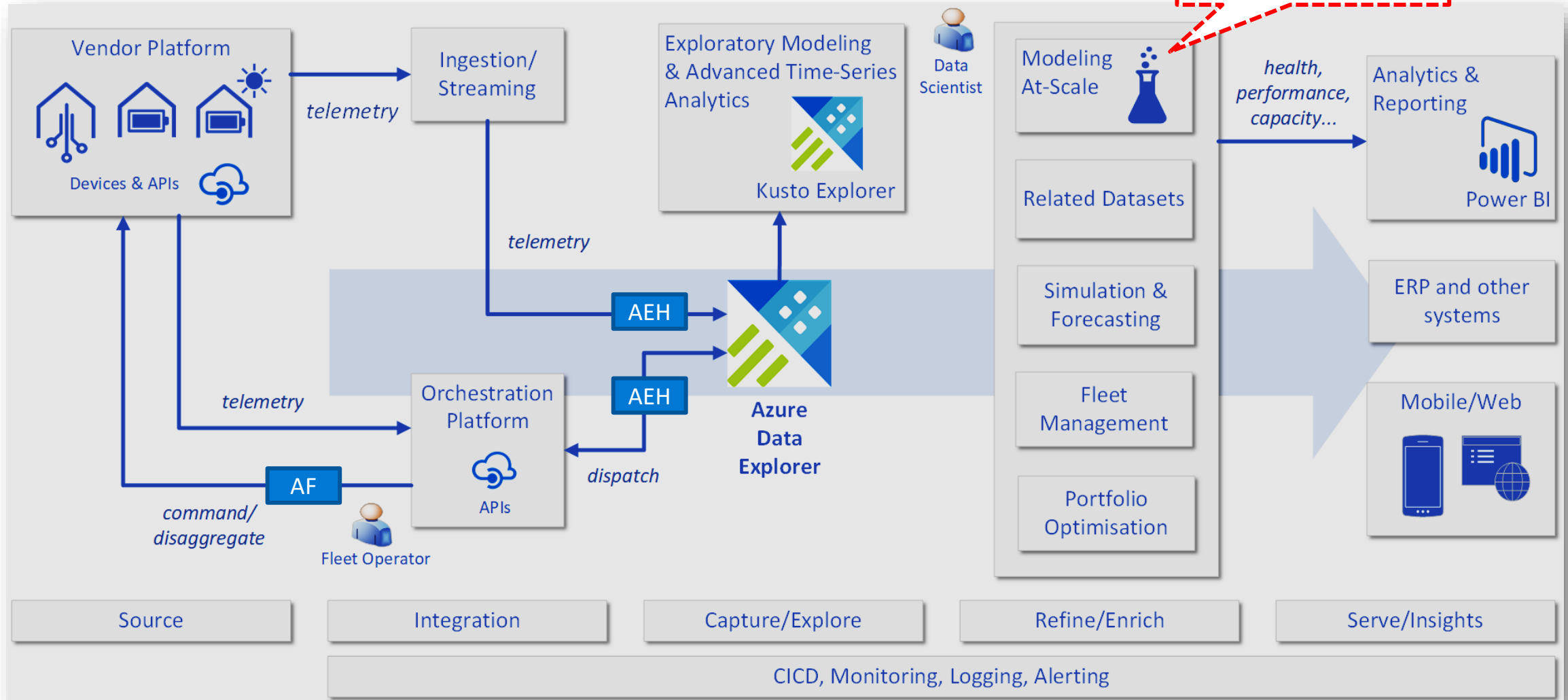
# Ex 1 - Real-Time "Price Drop" Detection

## Multiple Event Buffering for Scalable Asynchronous Processing



# Ex 2 - Virtual Power Plant (VPP) IoT

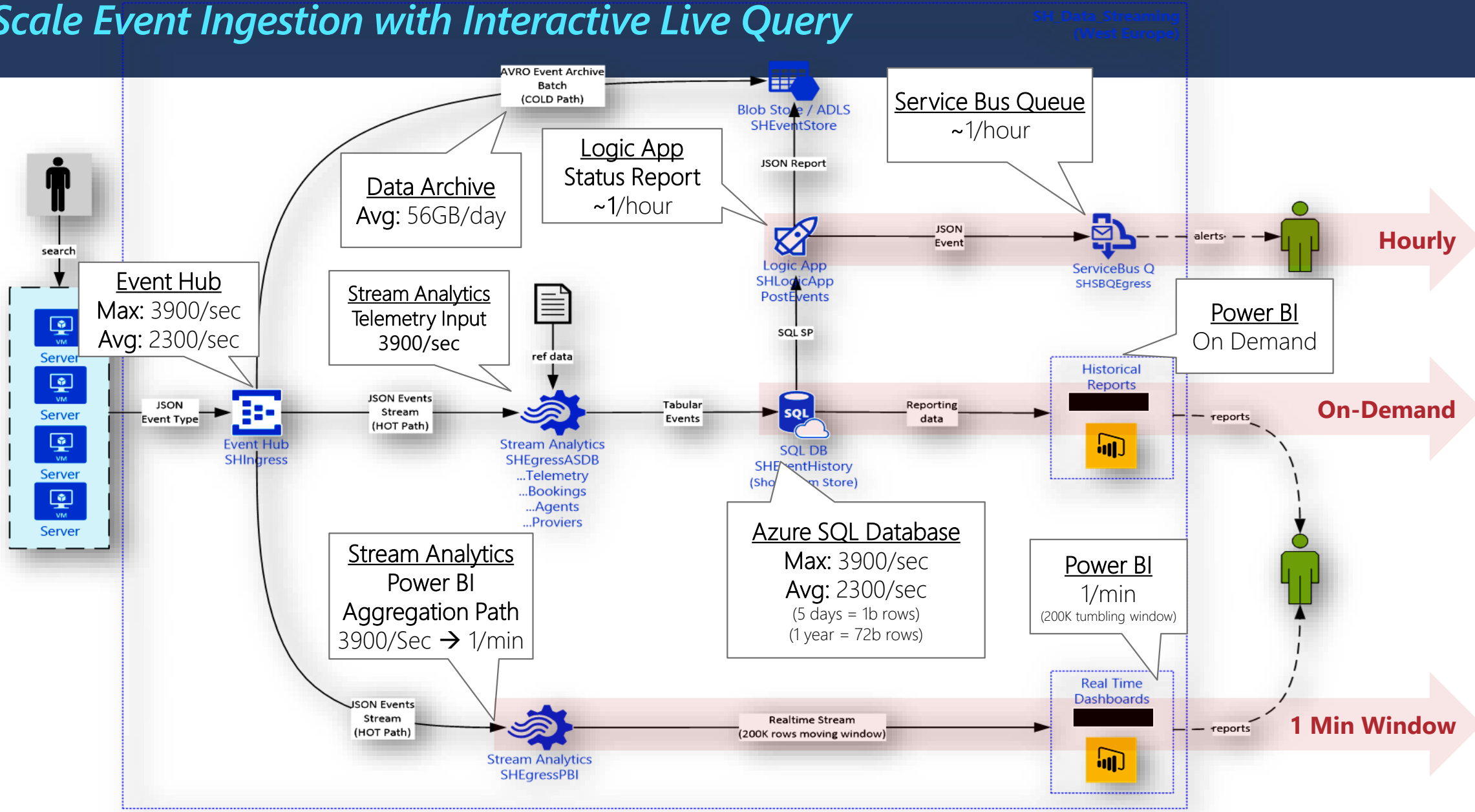
## High-Scale IoT Ingestion and Device Control / Management



Azure ML Platform  
integration  
[Case Study Here](#)

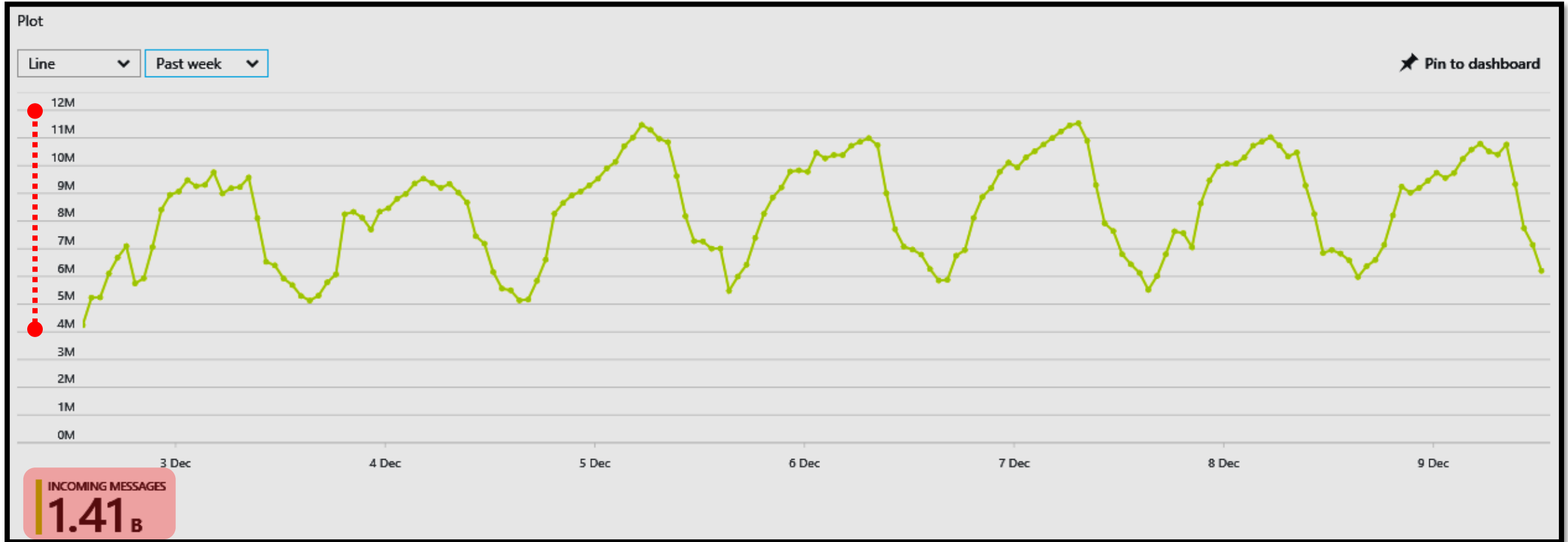
# Ex 3 – Real-Time Web Search Telemetry Capture/Query

## Large Scale Event Ingestion with Interactive Live Query



# Ex 3 – Real-Time Web Search Telemetry Capture/Query

Metrics: Total Events By Hour By Day (Last 7 Days)



Average Load → 1,410,000,000 / week

= 201,000,000 / day

= 8,392,000 / hour

= 139,000 / min = **2,330 / sec**

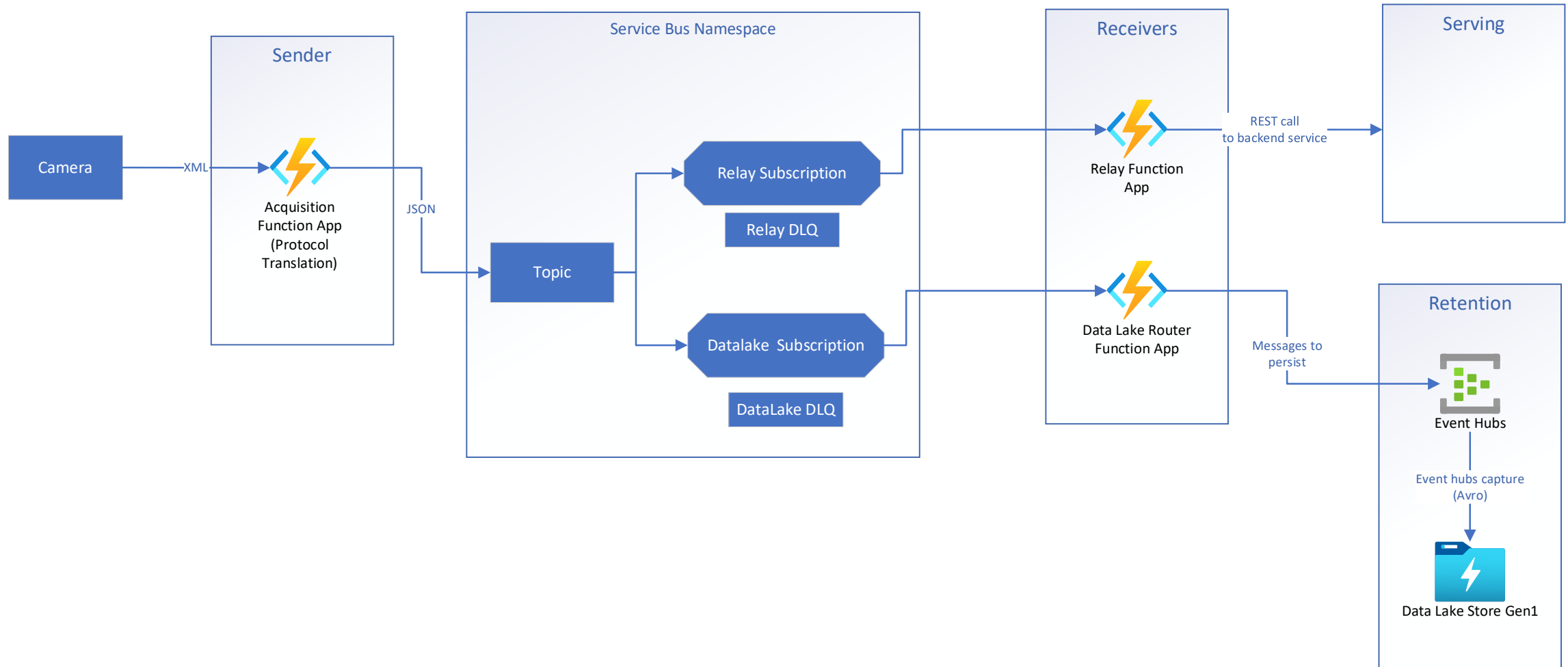
# Ex 3 – Real-Time Web Search Telemetry Capture/Query

Metrics: Min | Avg | Max Events per Sec (Grouped by Hour of Day)

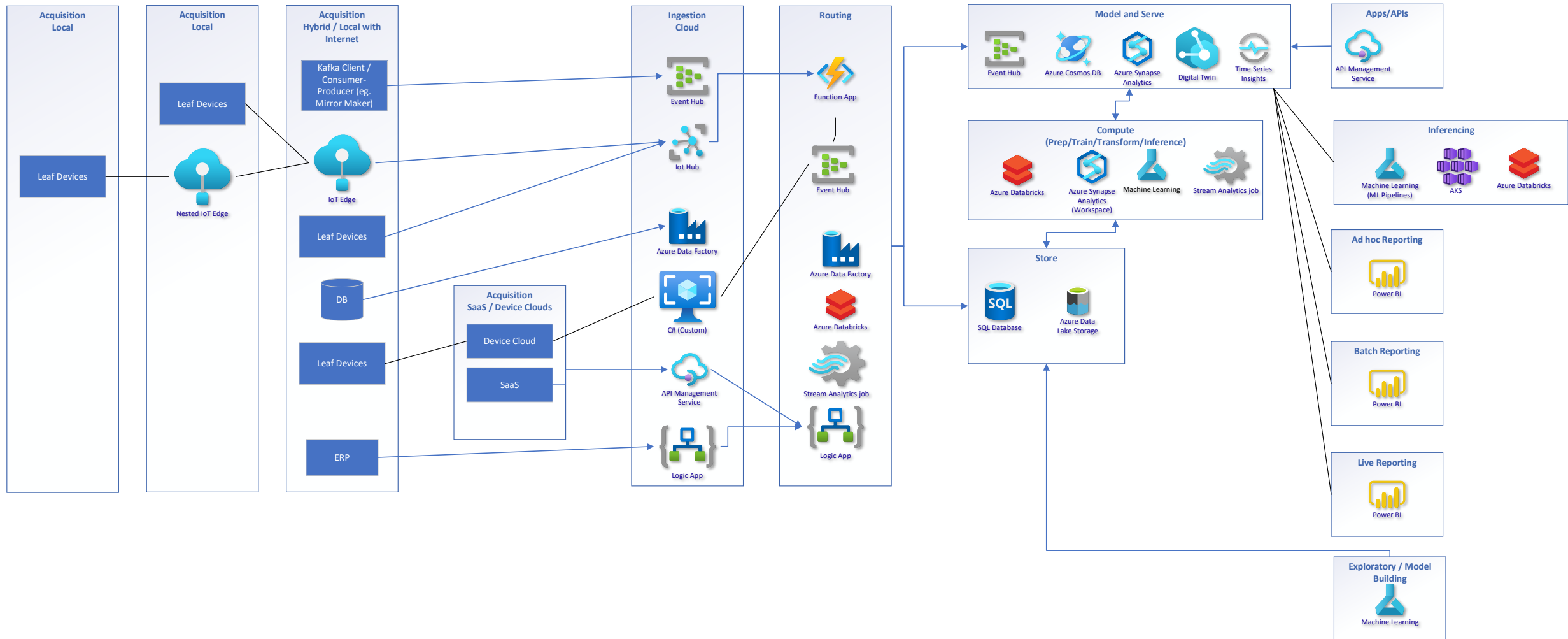




# Service Bus



# IIoT – Layered Network Model



# DEMOS; LOOP BACK ON THE THEORY

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<https://www.pinterest.fr/mariechollet58/absurde/>

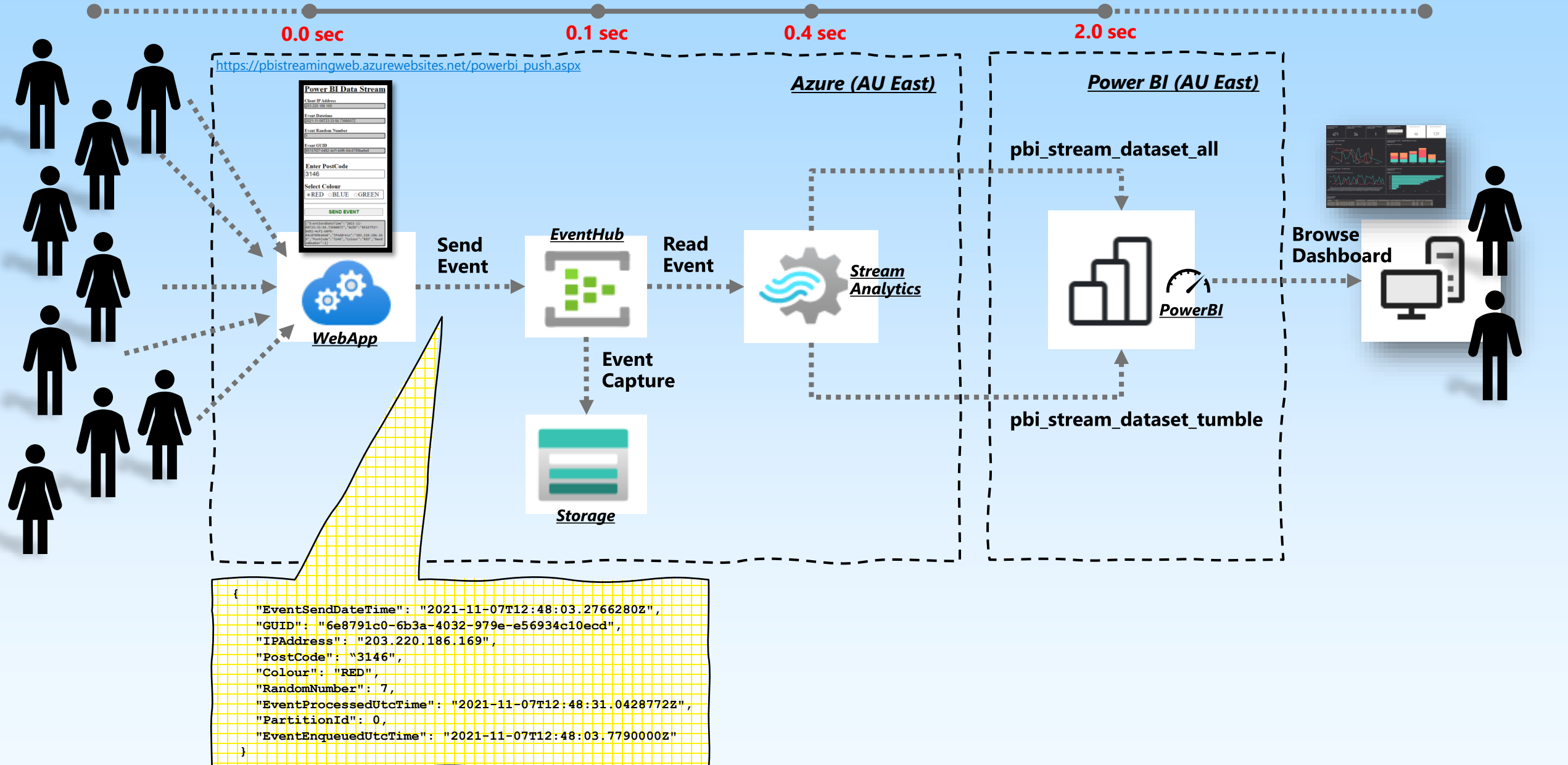
# Introduction

**Let's bring the various architectures together via some demos!**

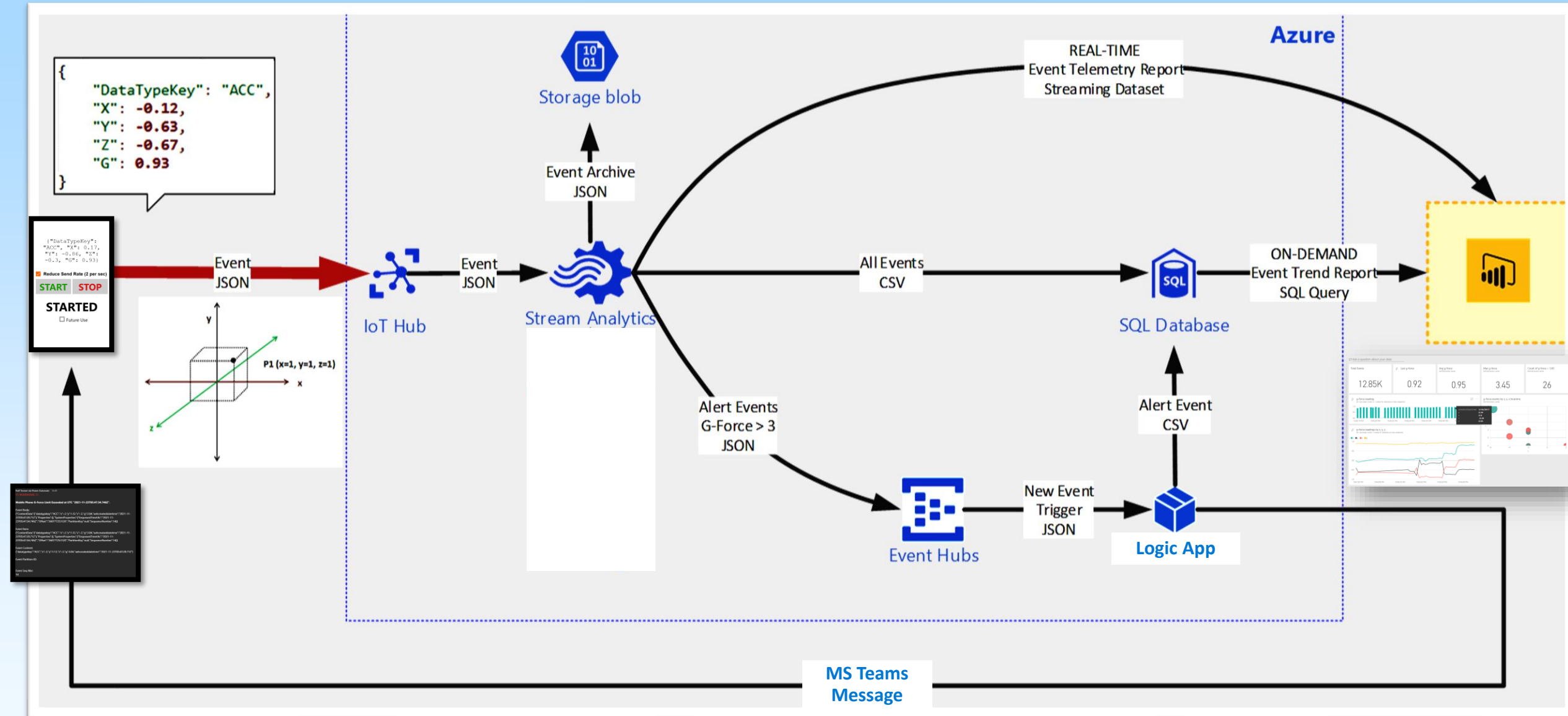
- Interactive Web Telemetry
- Mobile G-Force Phone Application
- Power BI Real-Time Streaming Datasets
- Stream Processing with Event Hubs and Spark Structured Streaming
- Lambda Architecture with Cosmos Db

# DEMO: Interactive Web Telemetry

[http://pbistreamingweb.azurewebsites.net/powerbi\\_push.aspx](http://pbistreamingweb.azurewebsites.net/powerbi_push.aspx)

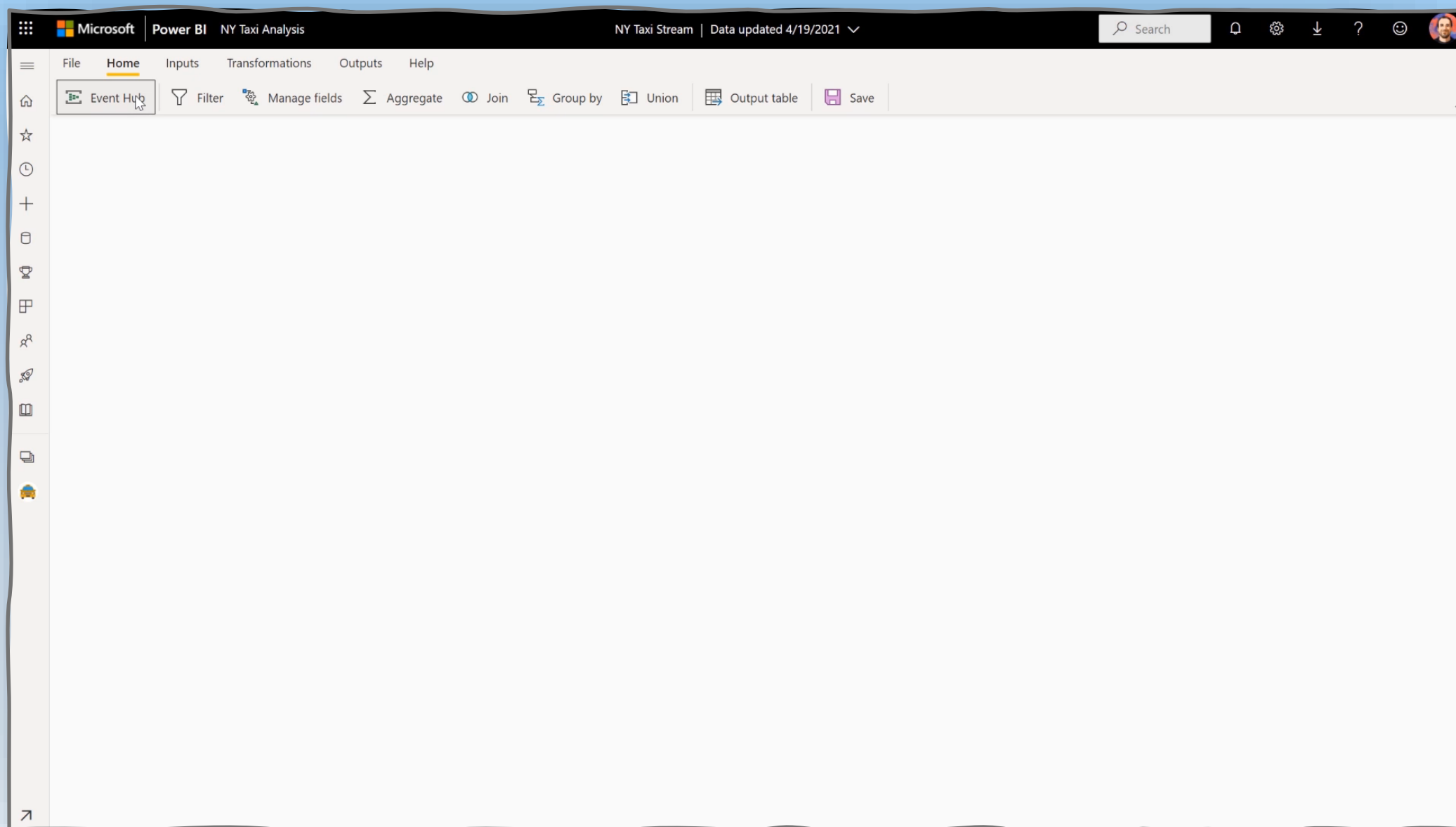


# DEMO: Mobile G-Force Phone Application



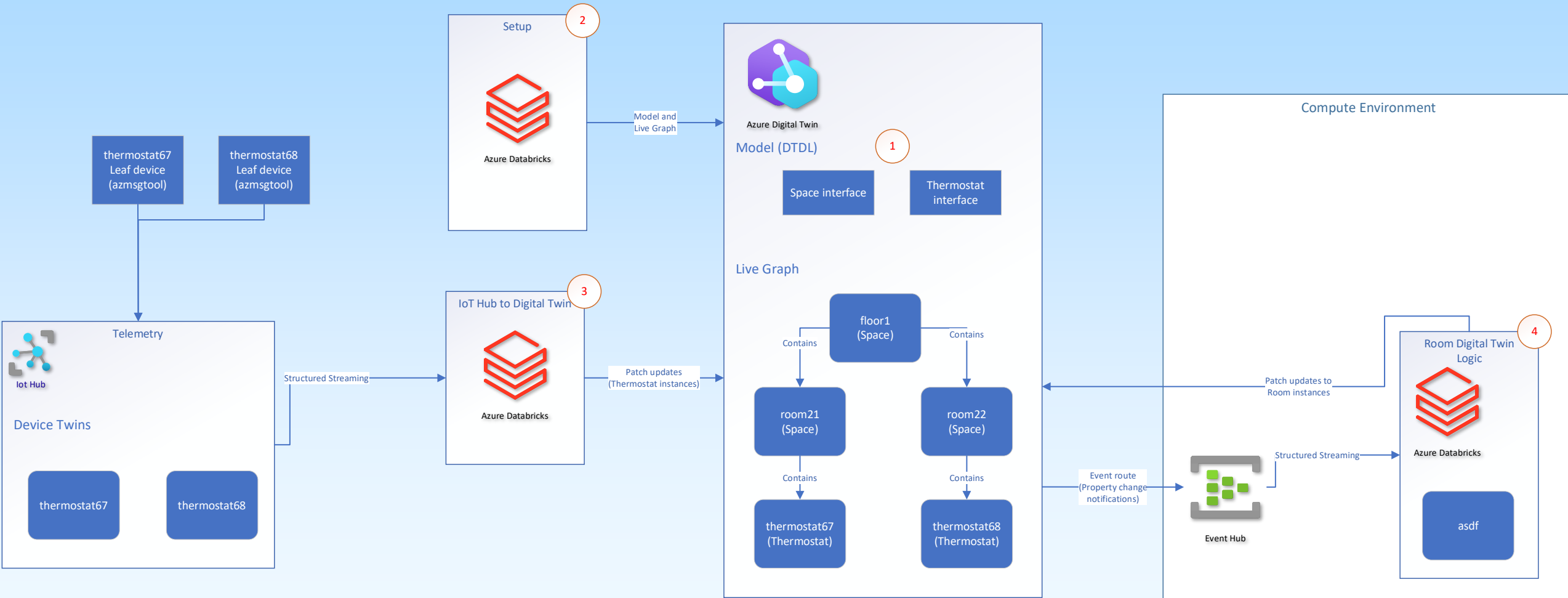
# DEMO: Power BI Real-Time Streaming Datasets

<https://powerbi.microsoft.com/en-us/blog/enabling-intelligent-experiences-with-power-bi-for-developers-data-scientists-and-data-engineers/>



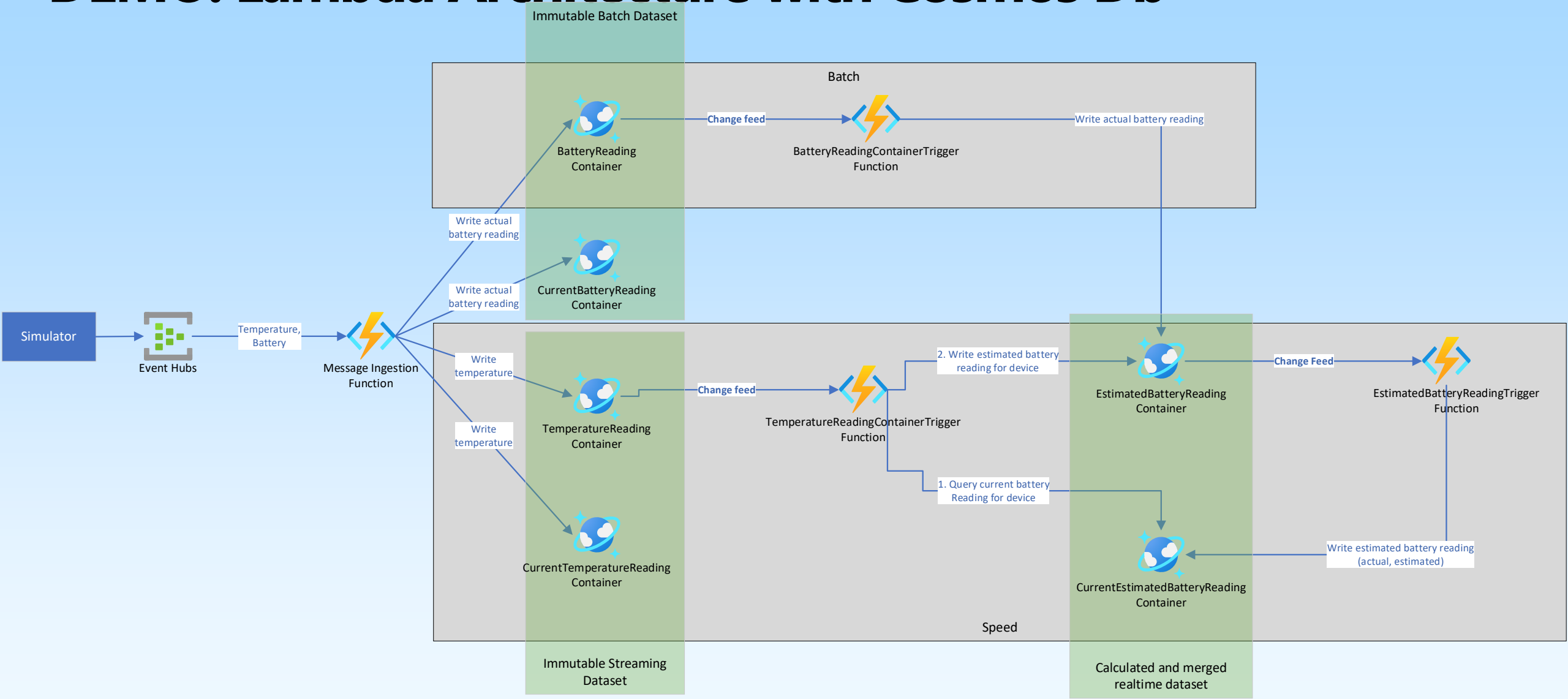
- *you can have a streaming dataflow, combined with multiple other data sources where you can link the streaming data to other datasets*
- *Power BI incorporates similar functionality to that of Azure Stream Analytics but directly within the PBI Dataflows Engine*

# DEMO: Digital Twin with Azure Digital Twin, IoT Hub, Event Hubs and Spark Structured Streaming





# DEMO: Lambda Architecture with Cosmos Db



# WRAP UP AND SUMMARY



<https://www.flickr.com/photos/andrewhurley/6254407253>

6

# What did we learn today?

## **We provided 4 key focus areas for today...**

1. Azure Services normally used for Streaming Systems, Pro/Con
2. Common architecture patterns which accommodate Streaming
3. Actual examples of deployed Streaming Solutions at scale
4. Demos to showcase how Streaming Services work

# Where can you go to learn more?

## **MS Docs Architecture Centre – for Streaming Solutions on Azure**

- [Analytics architecture design - Azure Architecture Center](#)

## **Azure Courses on MS Learn – for Streaming Solutions on Azure**

- [Browse all - Learn | Microsoft Docs](#)

## **Tutorials – for Azure Stream Analytics + Azure DataBricks**

- [Tutorial - Analyze fraudulent call data with Azure Stream Analytics and visualize results in Power BI dashboard](#)
- [Tutorial: Stream data into Azure Databricks using Event Hubs](#)

## **Recommended Azure Exams / Certifications Encompassing Data/Streaming**

- [Microsoft Certified: Azure Fundamentals - Learn | Microsoft Docs](#)
- [Microsoft Certified: Azure Data Fundamentals - Learn | Microsoft Docs](#)
- [Microsoft Certified: Azure Data Engineer Associate - Learn | Microsoft Docs](#)
- [Microsoft Certified: Data Analyst Associate - Learn | Microsoft Docs](#)



# Thanks for Coming to Today's Session.

And for now...

## *Carry-On-Streaming!*

Rolf Tesmer  
Rivaaj Jumna



## *How did we do?* Survey Link

<https://forms.office.com/r/VXAan5GhKF>



# APPENDIX AND REFERENCES



# Microsoft Docs References

1. [Big data architectures - Azure Architecture Center | Microsoft Docs](#)
2. [Real time processing - Azure Architecture Center | Microsoft Docs](#)
3. [Real time data ingestion Services Options](#)
4. [Choose an Azure Streaming Data Processing Service](#)
5. [Event Sourcing Pattern – Enterprise Messaging and Data Streaming](#)
6. [Browse Azure Architectures - Azure Architecture Center | Microsoft Docs](#)
7. [Push Datasets - REST API \(Power BI Power BI REST APIs\) | Microsoft Docs](#)
8. [Processing 100,000 events per second on Azure Functions | Azure Blog and Updates | Microsoft Azure](#)
9. [Analytics architecture design - Azure Architecture Center | Microsoft Docs](#)
10. [Azure Service Bus Explorer \(SBE\) Tool](#)